



POLLINATION



The process by which P _ _ _ _ N gets from one flower to another is called P _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ N .

B _ _ S help this process. They are attracted to the colourful P _ _ _ _ S of flowers and when they go into the flower to **gather nectar**, the pollen **sticks to** their bodies. When the bees go into another flower, the sticky S _ _ _ _ A **catches** the pollen.

The P _ _ _ _ N can travel from flower to flower also in other ways:

- when the W _ _ D blows
- when it rains (W _ _ _ R);
- transported by other A _ _ _ _ _ S (bats, hummingbirds, insects, ...).

The pollen that is on the stigma **reaches** the O _ _ _ Y. This process is called FERTILISATION and helps the growth of new S _ _ _ S.



To gather: raccogliere

Nectar: a liquid produced by the flower.

To stick to: appiccicarsi

To catch: catturare

To reach: raggiungere