CLIL Module Plan

Author(s)	Paola Ferra	Paola Ferrari							
School	I.I. Guetti T	I.I. Guetti Tione di Trento							
School Grade	O Primary			O Middle				High	
School Year	01		0 2	0	O 3		• 4		05
Subject	Storia Topic		American revolution and industrial revolution				trial revolution		
CLIL Language	english					O Deuts	ch		

Personal and social-cultural	Students attending the "liceo della montagna" high school, focused on both scientific subjects and becoming a skiing or snowboarding instructor; the class
preconditions	is composed of 17 learners, no one with special needs. These students are
of all people	lively and in search for a more active way of studying: if they understand that
involved	is worth working they give their best, unless some of them tend not to participate. They have never experienced CLIL lessons. History and philosophy teacher with C1 certificate, who attended the Iprase methodological CLIL course.

Students' prior	Subject	Language
knowledge, skills, competencies	Students know the main facts about the establishment of the constitutional monarchy in Great Britain. They also know about British religion and economy during the XVII century. They are able to read a map, locate places on it and read a text and understand the main points. They are aware of the different ways of ruling and of the importance of the different types of economy in a State.	The students' level of English is B1. They know the functional classroom language needed to interact with both teacher and classmates. They know the basic vocabulary related to historical aspects and events of the Modern Age.

|--|

Description of teaching and learning strategies	The module will be divided into two parts: in the first one activities will be more guided by the teacher in order to develop competences that will allow the students to be even more active and responsible of their learning in the second one. The methodological approach is both communicative and interactional, with cooperative learning and task based learning. Students will often work in pairs or in group: sometimes they will choose their mates, in other activities groups will come out from the interest in a topic or at random. In order to promote communication, code switching will be allowed and language problems will be noted and passed to the language teacher. ICT learning tools will be used: students will share their know-how and improve together experimenting new app and tools. As far as evaluation is concerned
	learning tools will be used: students will share their know-how and improve together experimenting new app and tools. As far as evaluation is concerned, both formative and summative assessment will be used. The teacher will provide continuous on going assessment and also peer evaluation will be taken into account.

Overall Module Plan

Unit: 1 American revolution	Lesson 1 The British colonies in North America
Unit length: 8 hours	Lesson 2
	The clash with the Motherland
	Lesson 3
	"No taxation without representation" debate
	Lesson 4
	The Declaration of Independence
	Lesson 5
	The birth of a new State
	Lesson 6
	Final test

Unit: 2	Lesson 1
Industrial revolution	The agricultural revolution
Unit length: 12 hours	Lesson 2
	Introduction to the industrial revolution
	Lesson 3
	History conferences
	Lesson 4
	Collecting information
	Lesson 5
	Working on the output
	Lesson 6
	Our history conference!
	Lesson 7
	Round table
	Lesson 8
	Final evaluation

Unit number

Lesson number

1

1 Title

The British colonies in North America

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	15'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: understand the different features of the British colonies settled on the eastern coast of North America; understand what is said in a video and take notes; know	Activating prior knowledge: brainstorming about the U.S.A. as we are going to discover its origins. Task on the worksheet: In pairs, write 5 sententeces starting with: "The United States of America" The teacher elicits some answers from the whole class, picking up on the	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Republic, State, federation, to found Communicative structures What do you know about the U.S.A.? They are a They were founded in	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit1_lesson1_worksheet1.docx 	
		and take	class, picking				

une -				
meaning of	link to the			
some	origins of the			
subject-	U.S.A.			
specific				
words; use				
these new				
words in an				
appropriate				
context;				
conduct				
research on				
the web;				
locate				
information;				
explain to				
the				
classmates				
the result of				
their				
research				
with proper				
vocabulary;				
be aware of				
the origin of				
the British				
colonies; be				
aware of				
the ruling				
system of				
the				
colonies,				
compared				
to European				
monarchies				
of that				
time.				

2	10'	In pairs, students match words to the corresponding definitions. The teacher asks the	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularyNation, colony, migration, constitution,	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit1_lesson1_worksheet1.docx 	The teacher takes notes of the students that answer correctly and make an effort to add
		students to read definitions and add some information if they can.	plantation, estate, trade, puritan Communicative structures the act or process of a group of people who a on which a territory that is ruled by			information

3	10'	watch a vid about the origin of the different British colonies on the west co of North America an	watch a video about the origin of the different British colonies on the west coast	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularyColonist, to pioneer, to establish, to grant, to settle, charter, penal colony	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 		
			America and take notes.	Communicative structures past tense, passive form			

4	30'		Every student draws a card with the name of a colony on it (4 students has the same). The teacher projects on the interactive board a map of the thirteen colonies. Students have to form a group according to	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularyeconomy, trade, factories, cities, freedom of religion, black people, legislative assembly, governmentCommunicative structures present and past tense	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit1_lesson1_worksheet2.docx unit1_lesson1_worksheet3.docx unit1_lesson1_worksheet4.docx Devices to access the internet	The teacher circulates and encourages, gives tips and advice.
---	-----	--	--	---	---	--	--

the group of	
colonies	
(north,	
middle, south)	
they belong to	
and then	
understand	
the	
characteristics	
of that group	
of colonies	
from some	
websites	
(webquest).	
Each group	
fills in the	
given blank	
table with the	
information	
about their	
group of	
colonies.	

5	20'	In mixed groups (composed of three students, one student for each group of colonies),	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Language to talk about the origin of the colonies	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	The teacher circulates and encourages, gives tips and advice.
		learners explain to each other the main features of their group of colonies so that everyone can fill in the table with the information provided by their classmates.	Communicative structures present and past tenses, passive form		

6	5'	In order to sum up in a	Skills	Whole class	Video link: link
		funny way the main features of the thirteen colonies, students watch a	L S R W Key vocabulary Lumber, trade, meetinghouse, to enslave, mild,	Group work Pair work	
		video-song.	merchant, artisan Communicative structures present and past tenses, passive form	-	

Unit number

Lesson number

1

2 **Title**

The clash with the Motherland

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	10'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: remember the main features of the thirteen colonies; understand what is said in a video and take notes; know the meaning of some subject- specific words; use these new words in an appropriate	In order to activate prior knowledge, at random a student draws a card with the name of one of the thirteen colonies on it and has to explain its main features.	Skills L S R Key vocabulary Revision of vocabulary learned the lesson before Communicative structures Functional language present and past tenses, passive form	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit1_lesson1_worksheet2.docx Cards with the name of the colonies. 	The teacher takes notes of the students that answer correctly.

context; put				
events in a				
chronological				
order;				
reason,				
analyse and				
organise				
information				
in a timeline;				
explain a				
sequence of				
events;				
compare				
different				
timelines; be				
aware of the				
time needed				
to establish				
and be used				
to a certain				
way of				
ruling.				

3	20'	With tiki – toki, in pairs students create a timeline with the	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Language to talk about the colonies	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	www.tiki-toki.com Devices to access the internet	
		different date of foundations of the colonies learned the lesson before, together with the main events mentioned in the video.	Communicative structures Active and passive form, present and past tense			

4	10'	In groups of four, students present each other their timelines in	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Language to talk about the colonies	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	Devices to access the internet	The teacher circulates and encourages, gives tips and advice.
		order to check that all the necessary information are provided.	Communicative structures Active and passive form, present and past tense			

Unit number	1	Lesson number	3	Title	"No taxation without representation" debate
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	---

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment	
----------	--------	----------------------	--------------------	----------	-------------	-----------	------------	--

1	10'	The following learning	To activate prior knowledge, at random the teacher tells a	Skills	Whole class	The teacher takes notes
		outcomes	student a date and he/she has	L S R W	🗆 Group	of the
		refer to the whole lesson: remember date of events; deeply	to explain the fact it refers to.	Key vocabulary Revision of vocabulary learned the lesson before	work Pair work Individual work	students that answer in a clear and exhaustive way.
		events; deeply understand opposed reasons; explain a concept; debate and discuss; defend one's ideas; criticize others' ideas; discuss in a civil way; create a mind map; be aware of the fact that different ideas can be discussed or simply rejected, but		Communicative structures Language to talk about the colonies		way.
		this second attitude sometimes				
		does not lead to a pacific solution.				

2	30'	Which was the bone of	Skills	Whole	flashcards with
2	30'	Which was the bone of contention between the Colonists and the Motherland? In order to answer this question, students play the debate between Parliament and the colonists. At random, students are divided into two groups: the first one composed of let's say five learners, the second of twelve (they are seventeen: the main point is that group 1 has to be smaller than group 2). Role- play: a group of students acts the part of the king&members of Parliament (1) discussing nex taxes to levy; the other group plays the role of the colonists (2) arguing for "no taxation without representation". The teacher gives each group of students cards with the main events of the clash between the Colonists and the Motherland to read, analyse and understand. Group 1 discusses while the other (2) listens; a representative of group 1 announces the new	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary To levy taxes, to dump, troop, imported goods, duty, representation, to dump, repeal Communicative structures Present continuous; conditional; I agree/I do not agree; What do you think about; In my opinion	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	flashcards with short text (the teacher can choose which events/taxes: for example stamp act, Townshend act, tea act, first continental congress, "no taxation without representation" slogan, declaration of independence) taken from this site: link
		•			

		the discussion asking questions.			
3	10'	After having spoken about their feelings during the	Skills	Whole class	The teacher takes notes
		discussion, one student helped by their classmates draws on the board a mind map to sum up reasons brought by the colonists opposed to the ones supported by the King and Parliament.	L S R W	Group	of the students that
			Key vocabulary Language to talk about the bone of contention between the colonists and the King	work Pair work Individual work	speak in a clear and exhaustive way.
			Communicative structures Word combinations		

Unit number

Lesson number

1

4 Title

The Declaration of Independence

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	10'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: remember the date of a particular event; know the meaning of some subject-specific words; use these new words in an appropriate context; analyse a historical document; understand connections between ideas; make inferences and deductions; be aware of the origins of political ideas effective nowadays	Brainstorming about the Declaration of Independence: the teacher writes on the board "DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE: W W W W W" And students try to say why, when, what, where, who. They will be aware of what they already know and what they are going to discover.	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary W Declaration, W independence Structures What do you know What do you know about? What do you remember about?	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 		

2	30'	The Declaration of Independence is a fundamental docum in history: in order to analyse it in detail, students in pairs wo on a tutorial which explains all the featu of the document and also has some exercises to practice	Key vocabulary Enlightenment, social contract, natural rights, philosophy statement,	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	Tutorial: link Devices to access the internet	The teacher circulates and explains what is unclear taking notes of languaage problem to pass to the language teacher.
		what learned.	Communicative structures To take control over What happens if?			

3	10'	To sum up together the main points, the class	Skills	Whole class
		answers practice 18 of the tutorial.	L S R W	□ Group work
			Key vocabulary Language to explain what is said in the Declaration of Independence learned before	□ Pair work □ Individual work
			Communicative structures Can you identify the different parts of? What does it refer to?	

Unit number

Lesson number

1

5

Title

The birth of a new State

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	15'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: choose the right word to fill in a text; understand what is said in a video and answer questions about it; know the meaning of some subject- specific words: use	The teacher asks the students to work in pairs and complete a text with provided words or expressions, in order to make a summary of the clash between the British colonies in North America and Great Britain	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Revision of vocabulary learned the lesson before Communicative structures Language to talk about the war between the colonists and Great Britain	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit1_lesson5_worksheet5.docx unit1_lesson5_worksheet6.docx 	The teachers checks the answers with the whole class.

10103, USC								
hese new								
words in an								
appropriate								
context;								
compare								
deas and								
choose the								
right								
answer;								
define key-								
words;								
decide if a								
statement								
s true of								
alse and								
give								
eason; be								
aware of								
he fact								
hat the								
American								
constitution								
s still								
effective								
oday								
	hese new vords in an appropriate context; compare deas and choose the ight answer; define key- vords; decide if a ctatement s true of alse and give eason; be aware of he fact hat the American constitution s still effective	hese new vords in an appropriate context; compare deas and choose the ight answer; define key- vords; decide if a ctatement s true of alse and give eason; be aware of he fact hat the American constitution s still effective	hese new vords in an appropriate context; compare deas and choose the ight answer; define key- vords; decide if a statement s true of alse and give eason; be aware of he fact hat the American constitution s still effective	hese new vords in an appropriate context; compare deas and choose the ight answer; define key- vords; decide if a ctatement s true of alse and give eason; be aware of he fact hat the American constitution s s still effective	hese new vords in an appropriate context; compare deas and choose the ight answer; lefine key-vords; lecide if a attaement s true of alse and give eason; be aware of he fact hat the American constitution s s still effective	hese new words in an appropriate context; compare deas and hoose the ight inswer; define key-words; decide if a tatement s true of alse and give eason; be ware of he fact hat the American constitution s still effective	hese new vords in an appropriate context; compare deas and choose the ight answer; lefine key-vords; strue of a lase and give eason; be ware of he fact hat the Atthe At	hese new words in an appropriate sometry. Some area of the some area of th

2	watch video then quest in pai discus possil	Students watch the video once, then read the questions and in pairs discuss the possible	SkillsLSRWKey vocabulary Confederation, central power, to draft, ConstitutionKey vocabulary	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	Video link: link	The teachers checks the answers with the whole class.
		answers. Afterwards they watch the video again and write their answers.	Communicative structures Connectors, modals of possibility, past tense			

3	25'	While watching the	Skills	□ Whole class	Video link: link
		second video, students fill ir		work Pair work ack, n, work	
		the text. If it i needed, the teacher can stop the video	Key vocabulary Principles, to lack, slavery, branch,		
		and ask or answer questions or play some parts twice.	Communicative structures Conditional; past tense.		

4	15'	t v p d t e s p	Students have to watch a video and in pairs write a definition of the following expression: 1. separation of powers 2.	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularySeparation of power, checks and balances, legislative, judiciary, executive	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	Videos links: link link Extra videos link link	
		b s t a t v t v t	checks and balances system The teacher can assign one or two extra videos to those learners who quickly completed the previous tasks.	Communicative structures What does it mean? What would happen if? What differences can you notice between?			

5	20'	In order to revise the topic, the teacher makes a statement about the origins of the thirteen colonies, or war, independence, constitution and so on and students have to say if it is true or false and correct the false	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary All the vocabulary learned in the unit Communicative structures Is it true or false? According to me I believe it is	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	The teacher takes notes of the students that answer correctly and make an effort to add information.
		statements			

Unit number	1	Lesson number	6	Title	Final test	
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	------------	--

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment	
----------	--------	----------------------	-----------------------	----------	-------------	-----------	------------	--

1	50'	The test will evaluate the following learning outcomes developed in the previous	Students do the final test.	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularyAll the vocabularylearned in the unit	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit1_lesson6_worksheet7.docx unit1_lesson6_worksheet8.docx 	Summative assessment: the teacher will mark the tests and then will go over them
		lessons: distinguish the main features of the thirteen colonies; recognize connections between ideas; decide if a statement is true of false and give reason; choose the right answer; choose the right answer; choose the right word to fill in a text; explain a concept; create a mind map; connect concepts in the right way.		Communicative structures learned in the unit			individually with each student.

Unit number	2	Lesson number	1	Title	The agricultural revolution
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	-----------------------------

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
----------	--------	----------------------	-----------------------	----------	-------------	-----------	------------

1	10'	The following learning outcomes	The teacher shows slide 5 of the	Skills	 Whole class Group 	 unit2_lesson1_presentation.pptx link
		refer to the whole lesson: understand the change occurred in	presentation and asks questions about it: What can	Key vocabulary Agriculture, field, rows, scattered, fence, village, crop.	work Pair work Individual work	
		agriculture; understand and distinguish among causes and consequences of it; be able to analyse an iconographic source; be able to understand what is said in a video and answer questions about it; be aware of the importance of agriculture in man's life during the past.	you see? What feelings does it convey? What period does it refer to? The aim is to arouse interest in the big change occurred in agriculture in Great Britain during the XVII-XVIII centuries.	Communicative structures What can you see? What feelings does it convey? What period does it refer to? It seems to On the right/on the left		

2	15'	watc video the agric revol and a the ques	ch a eo about icultural olution l answer estions. If	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Open field, farming, fallow, soil, rotation, to plant, landowner, enclosure, to sow, livestock	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	link	The teachers checks the answers with the whole class.
	it is necessary, the teacher can play the video twice.	essary, teacher play the	livestock Communicative structures comparatives				

3	10'		In pairs, students have to choose which statements were causes	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Machinery, food, increase, afford, rent	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	link	The teacher circulates and encourages, gives tips and advice.
		of the agricultura revolution and which	of the agricultural revolution, and which were effects.	Communicative structures Past tense, comparatives			

4	15'	Together with the	Skills	Whole class	unit2_lesson1_presentation.pptxunit2_lesson1_worksheet1.docx	
		class, the teacher sums up the	L S R W	Group work	To go deeper: link	

main concepts related to the agricultural revolution showing theKey vocabulary Language to talk about the agricultural revolution learned in the lessonDair workIndividual work	related to the agricultural revolution
slides of the presentation. In order to fix the main words/points of what said and that is going to be said, the teacher gives the students a handout to read at home. If some learners are willing to go deeper, the teacher can suggest to read an article about the latest historical research.	slides of the presentation. In order to fix the main words/points of what said and that is going to be said, the teacher gives the students a handout to read at home. If some learners are willing to go deeper, the teacher can suggest to read an article about the latest historical

Unit number

Lesson number

2

2 **Title**

Introduction to the industrial revolution

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	10'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: identify the main features of the industrial revolution; describe and discuss the changes occurred to man's life and work; recognize both positive and negative aspects of industrialization; understand what is said in a video; explain each other what thev	Brainstorming about the situation of Great Britain during the XVIII century as everything is going to change forever! The teacher ask students to write on a post-it a word or expression related to Great Britain during the XVII- XVIII centuries, the teacher collects the post-it and	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary King, constitutional monarchy, trade, religious conflicts Communicative structures What do you know about? What do you remember about?	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	post-it	

specific words;picking up onuse these newthe ideaswords in anwhich link toappropriatethe economiccontext; beaspect.aware andevaluate theimpact of thisevent on ourlives.
--

2	10'	Introduction by the teacher explaining what to do: students are supposed to build a mind map with the main concepts related to the industrial revolution presented in a video. To reach this aim, students in pairs first do a matching activity to learn new subject- specific vocabulary needed to understand the video.	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary manufacture, to exploit, slum, to outrage, to hire, textile mill, steam, coal, to harness What is the meaning of? What does mean?	 □ Whole class □ Group work ■ Pair work □ Individual work 	 unit2_lesson2_worksheet2.docx 	The teachers checks the answers with the whole class.
---	-----	--	--	---	---	---

3 15'		Working on the video: one learner watches and	Skills L S R W	□ Whole class □ Group work	• unit2_lesson2_worksheet3.docx Video link: link Devices to access the internet	The teacher circulates, listens and takes notes
-------	--	--	-------------------	-------------------------------------	---	--

listens, the second has only images without sound. They are both supposed to	Key vocabulary manufacture, to exploit, slum, to outrage, to hire, textile mill, steam, coal, to harness	 Pair work Individual work 	of both content and language.
take notes of what they see/hear. At a fixed point they swap. In turn, the one who listened to the voice answers questions about the content of the video asked by the classmate who just saw images. They must use given question- starters. The teacher provides the students a word bank to focus on new words and expression and enable	Communicative structures What? Who? When? How? Why?		

		learners to complete the				
		task.				<u> </u>
4	4 15'	Each couple groups with another one and they use the information they pieced together to build a mind	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Language related to the industrial revolution learned in the lesson	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit2_lesson2_worksheet4.docx App to create mind maps: www.mindomo.com link 	The teacher circulates and encourages, gives tips and advice.
		map with the main concepts about the industrial revolution linked properly. The different mind maps are then compared in order to clarify the links between concepts and to fix the most important ideas. At the end of the lesson, the teacher can	Communicative structures What are the positive aspects? What are the negative consequences? Can you mention at least			

share the
video
transcript
with the
class.

Unit number

Lesson number

2

3 Title

History conferences

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	10'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: Understand what a history conference is; understand what a poster session is; understand the task; identify the different aspects related to the industrial	The teacher explains the task: we are going to hold a history conference about the industrial revolution! Students will be divided into five groups (composed of three-four students maximum), they will work on different topics and in the end they will present their research, listen to the others' ones and interact with each other to better understand the whole content.	Skills Skills S R Key vocabulary Language to speak about the industrial revolution. Communicative structures Future tense	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 		

revolution; define key words; evaluate different aspects and list them in order of importance; be aware of personal			
personal preferences.			

2	20'	The teacher explains how a conference works and how everyone can plan their paper/poster. To better understand it, everyone goes to the site link,	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Paper, poster, research, presentation, abstract	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit2_lesson3_worksheet5.docx link Devices to access the internet 	The teacher circulates and helps learners noticing new vocabulary and structures.
		reads the text and takes notes. This should be done in a room with a device per student, so that learners could use links to other web pages or an on-line dictionary to look up unknown words. If it is not possible, the teacher can photocopy the text. In pairs, students list the main points in order to have clear how to work.	Communicative structures The should play a role Make sure Be prepared to Passersby			

3	10'	Group organization: there are five topics (MACHINERY/ TECHNOLOGY, WORKERS, TRANSPORTS, COMMUNICATIONS, ENVIRONMENT/ URBANISATION), the teacher briefly explains each of them and then each student can choose what to explore. Therefore groups will come out from the learners' interest. The topic not only will refer to the first industrial revolution, but also to the second, third and fourth up to nowadays.	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Machinery, technology, worker, transport, communication, environment, urbanisation Communicative structures Which topic do you prefer? Which aspect would you study? I would rather	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work
---	-----	--	---	---

4	10'		Students watch a video to understand how a poster is structured. Each learner takes notes and at the end of the video, each group discusses the main points and list the most useful tips. For advances groups, extra videos can be provided.	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Lacklustre, Standout, to pack Lacklustre, standout, to pack In, bullet points, cluttered, title, headings, gist Structures Make it easy for sb to get the gist To split into columns, To draw attention to, To convey a message	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	link extra videos: link link	
---	-----	--	---	--	---	------------------------------	--

Unit number

Lesson number

2

4 **Title**

Collecting information

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	5'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: Find out the date of a particular event; know the meaning of some subject- specific words; use these new words in an appropriate context; analyse a historical document; be able to do	The teacher recaps the group division and the aim of the project: a history conference about the industrial revolution(s).	Skills S R W Key vocabulary Approximately key words used in the lesson before Communicative Structures Functional language to explain the task	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 		

a research;			
be able to			
select			
information;			
understand			
connections			
between			
ideas; be			
able to make			
inferences			
and			
deductions;			
be aware of			
the			
development			
of an aspect			
during the			
last two			
centuries.			

2	15'	Brainstorming: students have to understand what their topic is about according to what they already know (in order to activate	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Approximately key words used in the lesson before	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	The teac circulate and give tips and advice.
		prior knowledge). They write all that comes to their mind about that topic and try to organize concepts in a mind map to define what to include in their research.	Communicative structures I think I suppose I remember that		

3	3 60'	Web-quest: each group starts looking for information about its topic on the net, first from a list of web-sites given by the	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Language referred to the industrial revolution Key volution Key	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit2_lesson4_worksheet6.docx Devices to access the internet 	The teacher circulates and gives tips and piece of advice, taking notes of language
		teacher, then extending the research to all they might find useful. They should integrate the mind map created before with the new knowledges acquired. They can organize their work as they prefer, but the teacher could suggest to assign themselves different roles (seeker, secretary, leader) in order to be more efficient.	Communicative structures Past tense, defining and non- defining relative clauses, comparatives, phrasal verbs			problems to pass to the language teacher.

4	20'	Analyzing all the information is the next step: learners have to organize their materials according to these four categories:	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary when/where/who, how it changes, improvements, disadvantages	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	The teacher circulates and helps with the content.
		when/where/who, how it changes, improvements, disadvantages. In each group's work there must be these four aspects. They can do it choosing the ICT tool they feel more confident in using (word doc, a mind map creator).	Communicative structures collocations		

Unit number

Lesson number

2

Title

5

Working on the output

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	5' The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: The teacher recaps what to Remember the date of a produce: a poster particular event; use of some (cardboard or a subject-specific words in an appropriate context; evaluate app freedom of historical documents; be able to select information; organize show the other	Skills L S R W	 Whole class Group 	Devices to access the			
		subject-specific words in an appropriate context; evaluate historical documents; be able to	video, or with an app freedom of expression!!!) to	Key vocabulary Approximately key words used in the previous lessons	work Pair work Individual work	internet and what the learners need to create their "posters"	
		information; discuss connections between ideas; design a poster; create a presentation; judge a piece of work; be aware of what to change to improve; be aware of what is effective in a presentation.	groups during the "poster session" of the conference.	Communicative structures Functional language to explain the task			

2	20'	Students decide what kind of output they are going to produce and they organize their work.	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularyApproximately key words used in the previous lessonsCommunicative structuresWe'd better In my opinion I suggest The most effective	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	
3	55'	With all the technology/paper and pen they need, they realize their output.	SkillsLSRWKey vocabulary Approximately key words used in the previous lessonsCommunicative structures Approximately structures met in the previous lessons	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	The teacher circulates and gives tips and advice.

4	20'	Students do rehearsal in order to be as fluent and effective as they can in their presentations.	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Language to speak about the industrial revolution. Communicative structures Functional language to present a research.	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	The teacher circulates and gives tips and piece of advice, taking notes of language problems to pass to the language teacher.
---	-----	---	--	---	--

Unit number	2	Lesson number	6	Title	Our history conference!
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	-------------------------

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
----------	--------	----------------------	-----------------------	----------	-------------	-----------	------------

1	20'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: Remember the date of a particular	The conference! In a room big enough and with some technology/ devices available,	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularyLanguage to speakabout the industrialrevolution.	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	Devices to access the internet
		event; use of some subject- specific words in an appropriate context; show connections between ideas; present a poster; give a presentation; be aware of what to do to be effective; be able to speak in front of an audience; be able to explain and support a research.	students set up five different stands. The teacher introduces the topic with a brief presentation and let the poster session start.	Communicative structures Welcome to Today we are here to You will At the end of the session, you will		

2	70'	Learners circulate and listen to all the presentations and, in turn, one per group explains to	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularyLanguage to speakabout the industrialrevolution.	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 unit2_ lesson6_worksheet7.docx 	The teacher takes notes of the students' presentations (content, language, effectiveness)
		his/her mates his/her own topic. Everyone has a blank table to fill in with the information collected from their classmates.	Communicative structures Functional language to present a research.			

3	10'	Every learners ensures to have and	Skills LSRW	□ Whole class □ Group	
		have understood all the information, unless they	Key vocabulary Language to speak about the industrial revolution.	work Pair work Individual work	
		can ask for clarification to the other groups. At the end of the session, every student must have the complete table.	Communicative structures What do you mean? What is? When was discovered? I couldn't get Is it correct to say		

Unit number

Lesson number

2

7

Title

Round table

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	5'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: Discuss withThe teacher introduces this last step: with the complete table in frontSkillsIWhole classLSRW					
		people in a civil way; be able to explain one's point of view; be able to listen to other's points of view; compare and contrast information; evaluate knowledge; justify statements; defend a theory; debate and discuss; be aware of the importance of the industrial revolution/s in our lives; be aware of both positive and negative aspects of it.	of everyone, students have the chance to discuss about their research.	Key vocabulary Language to speak about the industrial revolution. Communicative structures Functional language to explain the task	work Pair work Individual work		

2	35'		All the students are gathered around a table and discuss about the whole topic. The teacher asks questions to arouse the discussion (for example: What have you found out that you did not know before? What has struck you most? How are the different aspects you analysed linked together? What are the effects of all you have studied on our lives nowadays?	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Language to speak About the industrial revolution. Communicative Structures Vulte teacher, In my opinion I do believe What really impressed me Structures Structures	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	The teacher writes the main points that emerge from the discussion on the board, organizing them in a sort of mind map.
---	-----	--	---	---	---	--

3	3 10' The teacher draws the conclusions, showing the sort of mind map he/she has written on the board as students were discussing. There could also be a final buffet	conclusions, showing the sort of mind map	Skills L S R W	Whole class Group work
		Key vocabulary Language to speak about the industrial revolution.	work Pair work Individual work	
		Communicative structures As A said while B thought You both On the contrary In general		

Unit number

Lesson number

2

8 Title

Final evaluation

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	25'	The following learning outcomes refer to the whole lesson: Judge; asses the value of a piece of work; self- judge; be aware of what worked and what has to be improved; suggest changes; be aware of the extraordinary chance given with CLIL!!!	The teacher asks the students to evaluate the whole activity At first, he/she asks orally for a first impression: how it went, if they enjoyed it or not, what they liked most	Skills Skills S R W Key vocabulary To enjoy, to like/dislike, to prefer Communicative structures I really liked while I do not agree I found it hard to It was challenging	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 		

2	15'		Then the teacher gives the students a handout with some questions to answer: it will be	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary On time, cooperate, to value, to keep on task, exhaustive	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• unit2_lesson8_worksheet8.docx	
			group, self and peer evaluation.	Communicative structures Assign a value, Choose what better suits			

3	10'		As a final step, the teacher asks the students what they would have	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Language used during the lesson	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• output.docx	The teacher gives the final mark adding his/her own assessment to each performance/group work according to the accuracy of information, fluency of language, effectiveness of presentation.
			changed in the module: discussion will be very useful to plan next modules!	Communicative structures Functional language to assess the value of something and suggest what to change	WORK		