CLIL Module Plan

Author(s)	Silvia Defrancesco							
School	Liceo Galilei							
School Grade	O Primary			O Middle			High	
School Year	01 02		2	O 3		04		● 5
Subject	Fisica Topic		Торіс		Electromagnetism		n	
CLIL Language	● English				O Deutsch			

Personal and	The class is formed by students with an almost homogeneous background,
social-cultural	both from a social-cultural point of view and from the learning point of view.
preconditions	Students motivation and willingness to study are in average satisfactory.
of all people	Subject taught by the teacher both in Italian and in CLIL: physics Learning
involved	spaces are excellent (classes, laboratories (physics and computer labs available). Language level of the students B2. Number of students: 17.

Students' prior	Subject		Language
knowledge, skills, competencies	Class had physics previous year, the already know a ba technical terms.St acquired in the pre- years allows them new ideas and con- this Module. This e- has been carefully many other possib straightforward the consistent part of a All the students ca- both the content a involved in the mo- point out that this with the two other for the classes 3 a modules are mean- idea of "field" (gra and electromagne a soft, experiment all the three modu- information about	lesson in CLIL the refore students sic vocabulary of udents' knowledge evious 4 school to understand the neepts presented in educational path chosen among bilities, because of a eory and a experimental work . An therefore face and the language odule. I would like to module is coherent modules proposed nd 4; all the three nt to introduce the vitational, electric tic respectively) in tal way; moreover, files give basic history of science.	In their written tests, the students use an adequate range of structure and vocabulary, even if a number of errors may be present. Ideas are adequately organised, with simple linking devices. The task is usually reasonably achieved with all major points included in spite of some omissions. Generally speaking, they show a good degree of control of simple grammatical forms, even if they may make frequent mistakes with complex structures. In oral tests, they make meaning clear in spite of inappropriacies. They can produce stretches of language despite some hesitation, although at times they may not use connectives and discourse markers always appropriately.
Timetable fit	Module	Length 21 lessons (55 min each)

Description of	V
teaching and	С
learning	W
strategies	

Various strategies are used: Communicative approach; laboratory work; cooperative learning; team work; pairs work; task based learning; discussions with the whole class; ICT tools; IBSE

Overall Module Plan

Unit: 1 1. Presenting the scientist Unit length: 2	Lesson 1 Michael Faraday
Unit: 2 Popularization of science Unit length: 2	Lesson 1 History Lesson 2 Be a scientific popularizer!
Unit: 3 Faraday's lecture -Science in a candle Unit length: 8	Lesson 1The chemical history of a candleLesson 2Faraday's lecture_1Lesson 3Faraday's lecture-2Lesson 4Laboratory: Faraday's experimentsLesson 5DiscussionLesson 6TESTLesson 7discussion of the test

Unit: 4	Lesson 1
Electromagnetic induction	Faraday's experiments on electromagnetic induction
Unit length: 9	Lesson 2
	Magnetic flux
	Lesson 3
	Faraday-Neumann-Lenz law
	Lesson 4
	exercises
	Lesson 5
	Kahoot!
	Lesson 6
	test
	Lesson 7
	test discussion

Unit number	1	Lesson number	1	Title	Michael Faraday
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	-----------------

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment

1	15 MIN To sta ph Fa To hc de ab	To know the status of physics in Faraday's time To be aware of how science develops To be able to	Students are asked to describe the status of physics in the XIX century. Teacher writes key	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Energy Magnetism Electric force experiment	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	Teacher's feedback
		understand the difficulties surrounding the acceptance of new ideas. To know the role of Michael Faraday in the development of science Activating prior knowledge and revision of known content, vocabulary and concepts	words and concepts on the blackboard	Communicative structures Can you sketch the status of science? Could you tell me some major discoveries? Outline the main ideas		

2	20 MIN	Introducing one of the most important scientists from the XIX century. Developing interest and curiosity about the history of science	cing one host int ts from century. biography of michael rand y about ory of the text. Students read the text. Students are asked to begin building their own glossary with new words (personalized learning)	SkillsLSRWKey vocabularyRoyal Institution; research assistant; magnetism, electricity bookbinder blacksmith experiment compass electric wire lines of forces laughing gas	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• brief_biography.pdf	Peer assessment
				Communicative structures Can you list some of Faraday's discoveries? Could you tell me anything about Faraday's life?			

3 20	20	Developing questioning skills.	Discussion of the text. Interaction teacher- students	Skills L S R W	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual 	Ongoing assessment
		Developing communication skills Learning specific vocabulary		Key vocabulary same as above			
				Communicative structures Can you list some of Faraday's discoveries? Could you tell me anything about Faradays life?			

4	25	Developing knowledge about Faraday's time Developing listening skills	Students are asked to watch a video in pairs. They will stop the video whenever something is not clear.	SkillsLSRWKey vocabulary Pattern Lines of force Compass Electric motor Battery Interaction	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	link link	Peer assessment
				Communicative structures			

5	35	Developing communication skills: posing and answering questions Extend key vocabulary Develop communicative skills Organize new content	Discussion about the video content.Skillsvideo content.LSStudents are asked to take notes Round up activity.Key vocal Royal Institution research as magnetism bookbinder experimentStudents work with teacher to pool knowledgeMagnetism bookbinder experimentStudents revise key words and concepts of activity # 1 and compare with what they elaborated after the following activitiesCommunity structures When Fara What do yo about? W 	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary W W Koyal Institution; Research assistant; W magnetism, electricity bookbinder blacksmith experiment	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• Questions_PBS_videos.pdf (homework)	Teacher assessment: -Has each student asked questions? Has each student answered questions? - Have students organized their notes? - Can students pose questions using proper language? - Have the students listened to each other ?
				Communicative structures When Faraday lived? What do you think about? Which are the main topics in science topics during the XIX century? How did Farady became a scientist? Reporting verbs; to say, to ask, to tell; to agree			

Unit number

Lesson number

2

1

Title

History

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	15 MIN	to Identify the main strategies used nowadays in science popularization; - to guess the main strategies used 150 years ago - to acquire a general knowledge of popularization of science - revision of known content, vocabulary and concepts	Teacher asks about Faraday's biography . Students read the answers written in the task sheet given as homework	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary see lesson 1 Communicative structures Four W and 1H What do you remember When did Faraday live Who were the main scientists at Faraday's time Why was science research important How was science research carried on	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• Questions_PBS_videos.pdf	Teacher's feedback. Can students use the appropriate key words? Can students summarize the learning up to this point?

2	15 MIN - To foster a friendly and stimulating learning environment to acquire re insight into a brief piece of history of science; - to	- To foster a friendly and stimulating learning environment - to acquire real insight into a brief piece of history of	Students are encouraged to tell their ideas about popularization of science. They are also asked to talk about the	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary popularization of science of science communication of science	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	teacher feedback
		science; - to history of become self- communicat confident in of science communicating ideas - same as in activity 1)	history of communication of science	Communicative structures In my opinion I don't completely agree		

3	25	To provide support to the discussion previously held	Teacher introduces a brief history of science popularization. Slides are read and discussed together with students. Homework:	Skills Image: Whole class L S R W Group work Key vocabulary Pair work Royal Institution; research assistant; magnetism, electricity Individual work	• Popularization_of_science_CLIL.pdf link	ongoing assessment
			Choose and watch a video proposed by the following site: link	Communicative structures In my opinion I don't completely agree		

Unit number

Lesson number

2

2 **Title**

Be a scientific popularizer!

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	55	Learning Outcomes To be able to summarize a video To be able to focus and communicate main ideas To be aware of the strategies of science communication	Activity Procedure Students present and discuss the videos seen at home. Teacher listens and, if necessary, organizes the various speeches Strategy of flipped class used	Language Skills L S R W Market State Key vocabulary Depends on the chosen topic. Key vocabulary is identified by each student/group Communicative Structures	Interaction Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work	Materials	Assessment
				structures The topic I want to discuss is The main issue is To understand this concept Before I startlet me summarize			

Unit number

Lesson number

3

1 Title

The chemical history of a candle

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1 5	5 MIN	Revision (See unit 2 lesson 1)	Warming up: students are asked to talk about the role of the "Christmas lectures"	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual 		
				Communicative structures	work		

2	50 MIN	to be aware of the role of Michael Faraday in the popularization of science to acquire knowledge through an example of best practice in science communication	Teacher presents Faraday's lecture "A chemical history of a candle" Teacher and	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary candle-wax-flame- chemical reaction -wick- capillarity-combustion	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 The_chemocal_history of a_candle_Faraday.pdf PDF: The chemical history of a candle 	ongoing assessment
			students identify key vocabulary Students take notes	Communicative structures Qualitative description. What can we tell about shape, colour, smell?			

Unit number

Lesson number

3

Title

2

Faraday's lecture_1

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment	
1	45 MIN	-to be able to recognize the main features of a scientific written test - to be able to interpret a scientific written test - to understand Faraday's procedure to explain science. - to understand the scientific process occurring in a burning candle	Students are given an extract of Faraday's book "A chemical history of a candle". They read the text in	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Soot-wire gauze-flask-capillarity-to put out-smoke	 S R W Group work Pair work Individual work 			
			pairs. They underline the unknown terms.	Communicative structures Ifthen If it wereit would Curiously enough				

2	10	see activity 1	Discussion Teachers helps students to identify the main ideas Homework:	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 questions_extract_1.pdf 	teacher's feedback
			new contents have to be revised at home Students are given a question sheet; they are asked to write the answers at home	Communicative structures			

Unit number	3	Lesson number	3	Title	Faraday's lecture-2
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	---------------------

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	10 min	Revision of content and vocabulary of unit 3-lesson 1	Homework is discussed in pairs	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual 	 questions_extract_1.pdf 	Pair assessment
				Communicative structures	work		

Unit number	3	Lesson number	4	Title	Laboratory: Faraday's experiments
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	-----------------------------------

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment

Unit number	3	Lesson number	5	Title	Discussion
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	------------

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
----------	--------	----------------------	--------------------	----------	-------------	-----------	------------

1	55 min	- To acquire knowledge about the analyzed phenomenon - To strengthen	- Teacher asks students to read their laboratory reports - teacher and students discuss the procedure - teacher	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary see file "laboratory reports"	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• LABORATORY_REPORTS.pdf	Teacher supervises Teacher grades the written reports
		the ability to write a report (students acquired the techniques to write a lab report in the previous years) - to be able to analyze the experimental results -to be able to compare results with the theory and with the results found in literature - To be able to present and discuss a report	and students analyze and discuss results - teacher and students check if the procedure given in file "Laboratory_reports" has been correctly followed	Communicative structures			

Unit number

Lesson number

3

6

Title

TEST

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	55 min	- to demonstrate to understand the scientific issues of the considered phenomenon - to distinguish the main characteristics of the burning of a candle - to describe the evidences of the experiment - to use appropriate vocabulary	Students are given a test sheet They work individually	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary see lessons 1-5 Communicative structures	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 test_1.pdf test_1 (this test contains a high number of questions; teacher will select and choose the appropriate number for 	Teacher grades the test. Test could also be self-assessed
						his/her class)	

Unit number

Lesson number

3

7 Title

discussion of the test

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	55	see lesson 6	Graded tests are given to the students. Students discuss in pair their tests. They try to complete information gaps If necessary, teacher completes information gaps	Skills □ Whole class L S R W Key vocabulary □ Group work ■ Pair work □ Individual			Pair assessment: students can compare their tests and grades.
			-	Communicative structures	work		

Unit number	4	Lesson number	1	Title	Faraday's experiments on electromagnetic induction
-------------	---	---------------	---	-------	--

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
----------	--------	----------------------	-----------------------	----------	-------------	-----------	------------

1	110	-To apply the scientific method:	Teacher	Skills	□ Whole	 Faraday's discovery of 	Teacher monitors groups
		from experiments to	class to a new	L S R W	Group	e.m.induction.pdf	
		organize an experimental activity -To be aware of the difficulties in	discovered by Faraday: e.m. induction. Teacher gives	Key vocabulary Coil-circuit- loop-turn- ammeter-electric current-voltmeter	□ Pair work □ Individual work		
		organizing an experimental activity - to be able to explain the experimental results -to reproduce Faraday's experiments -to understand the role of such experiments - to observe and understand several situations regarding a new phenomenon (electromagnetic induction)	students a worksheet. Teacher divides students into groups following the cooperative learning strategies Students organize the experimental work following the instructions written in the text. Each group performs all the assigned experiments Teacher helps the groups when needed.	Communicative structures Command verb. imperative form			

Unit number

Lesson number

4

2

Title

Magnetic flux

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	20	- To understand that the known physical quantities are not enough to explain the observed phenomena - To understand a new physical quantity - To be able to discuss the experiments - To revise all the known physical quantities (electric current, magnetic field)	Plenary: Revision of the experiments. Students are asked to describe the observed phenomena . Students try to focus on the possible physical quantities involved in the process	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary Communicative structures What does this observation imply What does this observation imply What would you expect if What happens if	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 		

2	35	- to be aware of the necessity of a new physical quantity - to be able to understand a new physical quantity - to describe new situations	Theoretical activity: Teacher defines the magnetic flux. Teacher produces examples. Students take notes. Teacher gives a task sheet to be discussed and completed in pairs	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary magnetic flux scalar product	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	 Magnetic_flux.pdf task_sheet.pdf 	Pair assessment
				Communicative structures Let's define			

Unit number

Lesson number

4

3 Title

Faraday-Neumann-Lenz law

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	15 MIN	- to Infer theory from experimental observations - to explain electromagnetic induction using Faraday- Neumann-Lenz's law - to understand the rate of change - to develop questioning skillsto develop communication skills	Teacher asks students to discuss and explain the experiments. Teacher helps them to infer that the experimental results can be explained on the basis of a change in time of the magnetic flux	Skills L S Key vocabulary see previous lesson Communicative structures	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 		teacher feedback

2	40	- to be able to prove Faraday- Neumann-Lenz's lawunderstand the rate of change - to learn specific vocabulary - to understand a typical procedure to prove a law of physics	Teacher proofs Faraday- Newmann- Lenz's law Students take notes	Skills L S R W	■ Whole class □ Group	• e.m.induction_proofpdf (The proof of Faraday- Neumann -Lenz's law can easily be found on several texts and website)	teacher feedback
				Key vocabulary Rate of change	work Pair work Individual work		
				Communicative structures Consider Take SinceHence Becauseso			

Unit number

Lesson number

4

4

Title

exercises

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	110	- To be able to apply Faraday-Neumann-Lenz law - To be aware of the situations where FNL's law can be applied - to develop specific skills in problem solving (the questions proposed in the worksheet differ in typology) - To develop specific language	Teacher provides each pair with a task sheet. Students solve problems and answer questions. They discuss the chosen procedure. Teacher monitors students' work	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary see previous lessons Communicative structures	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• exercises.pdf	pair assessment

Unit number

Lesson number

4

. .

5

Title

Kahoot!

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	55	- to review ideas acquired so far - to motivate students - to revise contents	Students are asked to connect their mobiles to KAHOOT! site. Questions are projected on a screen and students answer by clicking on their device	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary see previous lessons	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	link the title of the game is "Faraday Neumann Lenz law"	Self assessment Performance ranking is produced by the software
				structures			

Unit number

4

Lesson number

6

Title

test

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	55	- To demonstrate proper understanding of the scientific issues associated with the discussed phenomenon - to distinguish the main features of electromagnetic induction - To describe the experimental evidences showing electromagnetic induction - Use appropriate vocabulary - Testing contents and language acquired so far	Each student is given a test sheet. Students answer individually	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary see previous lessons Communicative structures	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• TEST_2.pdf Test_2	Teacher grades the test.

Unit number

Lesson number

4

7

Title

test discussion

Activity	Timing	Learning Outcomes	Activity Procedure	Language	Interaction	Materials	Assessment
1	55	see previous lesson	Graded tests are given to the students. Students discuss in pair their tests. Students try to complete information gaps If needed, teacher completes information gaps	Skills L S R W Key vocabulary see previous lessons Communicative structures	 Whole class Group work Pair work Individual work 	• test_1.pdf test_1	Pair assessment. Students can compare their tests and grades.